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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/750,386	12/27/2000	John S. Sadowsky	42390P9858	6353
8791	7590 04/08/2004		EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN			PATHAK, SUDHANSHU C	
	HIRE BOULEVARD, SEV ES. CA 90025	ENTH FLOOR	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
200.111022	25, 011 70020		2634	5
			DATE MAILED: 04/08/2004)

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<u> </u>					
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/750,386	SADOWSKY, JOHN S.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Sudhanshu C. Pathak	2634			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period treeto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuting received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tingly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Dec	<u>ember 27th, 2000</u> .				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.				
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application	n.				
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[🛛	The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
	The drawing(s) filed on <u>December 27th, 2000</u> is		ected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigi	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received in Applicat	ion No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	ority documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage			
	application from the International Burea	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
Attachmen						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) ∭ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	r (PTO-413) ate.			
3) Infori	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	5) Notice of Informal F	Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date	6)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-to-27 are pending in the application.

Drawings

- 2. The Figure 2 is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - The Fig. 2, discloses the "subtracted signal" labeled as element "55", this should be re-labeled as element "52" as disclosed in the Specification,
 Page 7, line 6. Furthermore, element "55" is labeled as an "IF Signal" in Fig. 2 & Specification, Page 6, line 23.
 - The Fig. 2, discloses the "filtered error signal" labeled as element "55", this should be re-labeled as element "59" as disclosed in the Specification,
 Page 8, line 3. Furthermore, element "55" is labeled as an "IF Signal" in Fig. 2 & Specification, Page 6, line 23.

Appropriate correction is required.

Specification

- 3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - The Specification on Page 7, lines 15 discloses "a subtracted signal 59",
 this should be relabeled as "52".
 - The Specification on Page 7, lines 21 discloses "a subtracted signal 59",
 this should be relabeled as "52".

Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is not clear what it is meant by the term "an article".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-3, 5-6, 10-11, 14-15, 19-22 & 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.
 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levine (3,655,917) in view of Wang (6,697,098).

Regarding to Claims 1, 11, 19-21 & 25-27, Levine discloses a portable communication device comprising a signal generator providing a feedback signal (Fig. 3, element "Mk" & Column 3, lines 20-41 & Abstract, lines 1-14) wherein the feedback signal is compared and subtracted to obtain the error signal. However, Levine does not disclose an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) coupled to the signal generator.

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Wang discloses a portable communication device (Abstract, lines 1-5 & Column 1, lines 35-45) comprising an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) to provide a digital output signal (Fig. 1, element 19). Wang further discloses the portable communication device is adapted to subtract the feedback signal from an intermediate frequency (IF) signal (Fig. 1, elements 22, 24 & Fig. 3, element 340 & Fig. 5, element 410 & Column 6, lines 21-30). Wang further discloses the receiver comprising memory for storing instructing for the reception and demodulation of the received signals (Fig. 1, elements 22-50 & Column 3, lines 3-11 & Column 7, lines 35-50 & Column 4, lines 55-67 & Column 5, lines 1-9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that it is possible to implement the ADC to provide the digital output of the IF signal as described in Wang and coupled to the signal generator further providing the feedback signal as described in Levine, thus satisfying the limitations of the claim.

Regarding to Claims 2, 3 & 14, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal as described above. Wang further comprises a filter adapted to provide a filtered signal with a bandwidth (Fig. 1, element 16 & Column 2, lines 1-10, 36-44), wherein the signal generator generates a feedback signal that reduces the difference between the input IF signal and the feedback signal over a portion of the bandwidth of the filtered signal (Column 4, lines 12-45 & Fig. 3, elements 336-346 & Column 6, lines 11-32 & Fig. 4, elements 410-430). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that

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implementing the bandpass filter as described in Wang isolates the information signal for further processing. Furthermore, Levine discloses the communication device adapted to change the digital signal in the feedback loop to reduce the difference between the incoming signal and the feedback signal.

Regarding to Claims 5, 6, 15 & 22, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal as described above. Levine further discloses the signal generator comprising a modulator (Fig. 3, element "Mk" & Column 3, lines 20-41). Levine further discloses implementing various different modulation / demodulation schemes for implementation in the receiver (Abstract, lines 1-16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Levine in view of Wang satisfies the limitations of the claim. Furthermore, it is a matter of design choice for implementing an amplitude shift key modulation / demodulation and there is no criticality in the particular modulation schemes.

Regarding to Claim 10, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal as described above. Wang further discloses the communications device adapted to receive an input signal and output a, over-sampled version of the input signal, digital signal (Abstract, lines 1-13 & Column 2, lines 45-60 & Fig. 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Levine in view of Wang satisfies the limitations of the claim.

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8. Claims 4, 7-9, 12-13, 16, 23 & 24, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levine (3,655,917) in view of Wang (6,697,098) in further view of Ko et al. (6,577,674).

Regarding to Claims 4, 7, 12-13, 16, 23 & 24, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal and a bandpass filter as described above. However, Levine in view of Wang does not disclose the communication device further comprising a multiplier coupled to an integrator, wherein the multiplier is adapted to multiply a local oscillator signal and the filtered signal.

Ko discloses a receiver in a mobile station comprising a multiplier and a local oscillator (Fig. 1) wherein the incoming signal is down converted to a baseband signal for further processing and retrieving the transmitted data (message) (Fig. 1 & Column 2, lines 26-48). Ko further discloses further sampling the down converted signal for digitally processing the received signal for accurate retrieval (Fig. 1 & Column 2, lines 1-65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that it is possible to implement the multiplier and local oscillator as described in Ko in the receiver as described in Levine in view of Wang further down converting the bandpass filtered IF frequency signal to baseband for accurate sampling and demodulating. Furthermore, implementing the local oscillator and multiplier in the receiver as described in Levine in view of Wang couples the oscillator to the signal generator (modulator), thus satisfying the limitations of the claims.

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Regarding to Claim 8, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal as described above. Levine further discloses the signal generator comprising a modulator (Fig. 3, element "Mk" & Column 3, lines 20-41). Levine further discloses implementing various different modulation / demodulation schemes for implementation in the receiver (Abstract, lines 1-16). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Levine in view of Wang satisfies the limitations of the claim. Furthermore, it is a matter of design choice for implementing an amplitude shift key modulation / demodulation and there is no criticality in the particular modulation schemes and the oscillator can be implemented such that the feedback signal is either in-phase or 180 degrees thus implementing an ASK modulation scheme.

Regarding to Claim 9, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal and a bandpass filter as described above. Wang further discloses the digital output signal comprises at least two bits (Fig. 3, elements "I" & "Q"). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Levine in view of Wang in further view of Ko satisfies the limitations of the claims.

9. Claims 17 & 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Levine (3,655,917) in view of Wang (6,697,098) in further view of Tolson (6,622,009).

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Regarding to Claims 17 & 18, Levine in view of Wang discloses a portable communication device comprising an ADC, signal generator to generate a negative feedback signal as described above. However, Levine in view of Wang does not disclose the communications device further comprising an antenna adapted to receive a radio frequency (RF) signal.

Tolson discloses a receiver comprising an antenna to receive a radio frequency (RF) signal (Fig. 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention that Levine in view of Wang in further view of Tolson satisfies the limitation of the claim. Furthermore, the RF signal can be down converted as disclosed in Levine in view of Wang into an IF signal or the IF signal could be the received signal depending on the application, there is no difference between an RF signal or an IF signal except respective frequencies, they are both analog signals.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sudhanshu C. Pathak whose telephone number is (703) 305-0341. The examiner can normally be reached (Monday-Friday from 8:30 AM to 5:30 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin, can be reached at (703) 305-4714.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

 Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231 Or faxed to:

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• (703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

 Crystal Part II, 2121 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to:

Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE.

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600